

AFRICAN FOREST FORUM WORKSHOP ON SHARING INFORMATION AND EXPERIENCES ON FOREST AND TREE BASED ECOSYSTEM SERVICES FOR SOCIOECOLOGICAL RESILIENCE TO CLIMATE CHANGE JULY 3RD-7TH 2023, NAIROBI, Kenya

THE POTENTIAL ROLE OF INTRA AFRICA TIMBER TRADE IN THE CONTINENTAL SOCIOECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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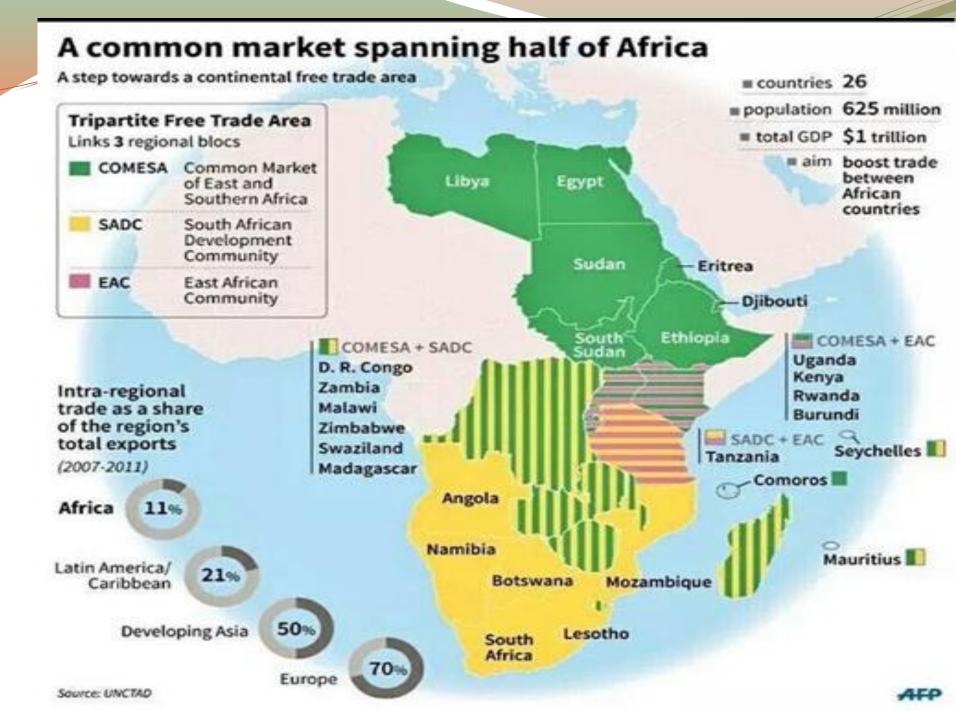
INTRODUCTION AFRICAN FORESTRY SECTOR

- Africa have huge forestry resources and exports raw materials for further processing abroad
- Imports are tertiary processed products valued at US\$ 4 billion with 10% intra Africa trade (ITTO 2016).
- Experiencing rapid growth in population, economic and urbanization high demand for forest products (Lundgren 2015).
- The forestry manufacturing will create enormous opportunities in backward and forward linkages
- Enhances sustainable economic development, poverty alleviation, employment creation, environmental good and services and climate change
- Africa` High 5 Priority Development Strategy include forestry sector transition to tertiary production(ADB).
- Manufactured products paper products, construction, furniture, packaging, printing, textile will generate surplus forex

STATUS OF FOREST PRODUCTS TRADE

Globalization is largely driven by international trade

- Economic blocks EAC, COMESA), SADC and (CEN-SAD)
- African Free Trade Area (AfCFTA) in 2018 world's largest
- intra-African exports is lowest 17% Europe (69%), Asia (59%), and North America (31%).
- AfCFTA intra-African trade growth 15% or \$50 billion and 25% or \$70 billion by 2040
- Mostly in manufactured goods accounting for 41.9% as compared to 14.8% exports in 2014.
- AfCFTA promote growth of SMEs, innovation as more markets open and productivity.
- Forests in Africa support local livelihoods, provision of ecosystem goods and services
- Need huge investment in production, processing and trade



GLOBAL AND AFRICA FORESTS AND RESOURCES (Ha)

	1990	2000	2010	2020
<u>World</u>	4,236,433	4,158,050	4,106,317	4,058,931
<u>Europe</u> - <u>Russia</u>	994,319	1,002,268	1,013,982	1,017,461
South America	973,666	922,645	870,154	844,186
<u>North</u> and <u>Central</u> <u>America</u>	755,279	75 ² ,349	754,190	752,710
<u>Africa</u>	742,801	710,049	676,015	636,639
<u>Asia</u>	585,393	587,410	610,960	622,687
<u>Oceania</u>	184,974	183,328	181,015	185,248

1990	2000	2010	2020
79,263	77,709	72,158	66,607
22,500	21,597	20,900	20,340
23,203	22,903	22,603	22,303
22,315	22,195	22,095	21,946
150,629	143,899	137,169	126,155
19,259	18,529	17,799	17,069
9,924	8,849	7,943	7,986
13,693	13,031	12,562	12,430
43,378	41,188	38,942	36,744
26,526	24,893	23,260	21627
57,390	53,670	49,950	45,745
47,412	47,054	46,696	44,814
18,827	18,366	17,905	17,445
	79,263 22,500 23,203 22,315 150,629 19,259 9,924 13,693 43,378 26,526 57,390 47,412	$\begin{array}{c cccccc} 79,263 & 77,709 \\ \hline 22,500 & 21,597 \\ \hline 23,203 & 22,903 \\ \hline 22,315 & 22,195 \\ \hline 150,629 & 143,899 \\ \hline 19,259 & 18,529 \\ \hline 9,924 & 8,849 \\ \hline 13,693 & 13,031 \\ \hline 43,378 & 41,188 \\ \hline 26,526 & 24,893 \\ \hline 57,390 & 53,670 \\ \hline 47,412 & 47,054 \\ \end{array}$	79,263 $77,709$ $72,158$ $22,500$ $21,597$ $20,900$ $23,203$ $22,903$ $22,603$ $22,315$ $22,195$ $22,095$ $150,629$ $143,899$ $137,169$ $19,259$ $18,529$ $17,799$ $9,924$ $8,849$ $7,943$ $13,693$ $13,031$ $12,562$ $43,378$ $41,188$ $38,942$ $26,526$ $24,893$ $23,260$ $57,390$ $53,670$ $49,950$ $47,412$ $47,054$ $46,696$

Wood removals/year	1990	2000	2010	2015	2016
UK	6	8	8	9	9
EU countries	517	521	532	578	595
Africa	61	71	72	74	74
Asia	268	269	362	377	393
North and Central America	595	632	485	516	522
South America	110	147	198	217	227
World	585	1,687	1,705	1,826	1,877

RATIONAL FOR PROMOTION OF TIMBER TRADE

- Africa is contrasted b/w endowed and deficit in NR and large growing populations and fast urbanization
- Intra Africa investments and trade to create employment, and overall continental economic development
- African to embrace AfCFTA to enhance efficient flow of forests products and services across borders
- Currently, intra timber Africa timber trade account for paltry 5-8% of the total trade volume traded globally.
- Kenya is largest importer of timber in the Eastern Africa stands to benefit from intra Africa timber trade.
- Kenya's forest product trade strategy is to position itself as a woodworks manufacturing for local and export markets

RATIONAL FOR PROMOTION OF TIMBER TRADE

- Trans Africa Highways 8 Mombasa to Lagos and 4 Cairo-Gaborone and interconnections timber trade timber trade
- Camerron in 2009 and 2014 exported 3.5 million m3 of logs: Asia accounted (89%), Europe (9%) and Africa (2%).
- Sawnwood 3.45 million m3: Europe (67%), Africa (7.4%),
- Veneers: 203,799 m3 Europe (82%) and Africa (11%)
- Plywood: Europe 68%), Africa (30%), Asian (2%)
- Challenges: Policy and legal, small markets, high imports, low industrial base and dominance of foreign firms

FORESTS AND TRADE IN EAST AND CENTRAL AFRICA

- East Africa forests are woodlands, montane and lowlands
- Kenya has the largest plantations among the six East Africa bur experiencing fast declining, governance and regular bans
- Tanzania and Uganda plantations has attracted many private investors experiencing fast growth.
- Kenya imports hard and softwood from East and Central Africa
- Hardwood from Eastern DRC, Oriental, Manema and South and North Kivu war torn areas

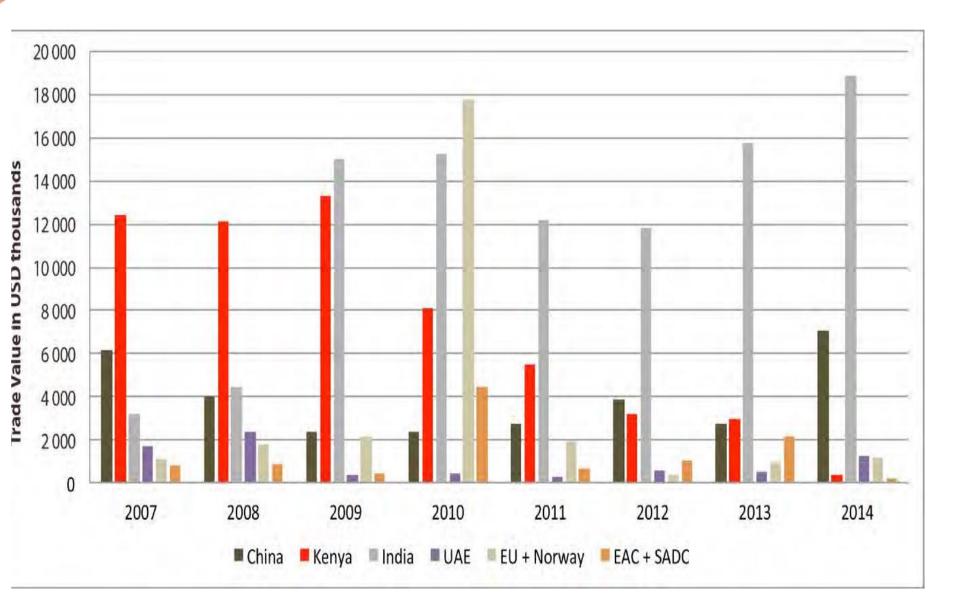
WOOD MANUFACTURING AND CAPACITY IN EAST AFRICA

- Sawmilling dependent on public plantations unlike west and Central Africa abundant natural forests.
- Kenya has the highest (633),by Uganda (180) and Tanzania hosts the largest sawmills
- Sao Hill 48,000m3, Mufundi Paper Mill (MPM) 46,000MT, KVTC (45,000 m3) and TANWAT (20,000 m3).
- Tanzania key exporter to Eastern and Southern Africa
- PPM the largest pulp and paper mill capacity 500,000m3/yr closed in 2009
- Three Kenyan Rai Ply, Comply and Timsales, are the largest integrated saw milling, plywood, and particle boards
- Diversified products foam and polythene bags for local and export markets.
- The complexes expanded operations into Tanzania and Malawi.

FORESTS AND TRADE IN EAST AND CENTRAL AFRICA

- Trade has increased in East Africa region in the last 10 years
- Northern Corridor route begins in DRC, supplying timber to Uganda, Kenya and export markets
- Kenya is a net exporter of manufactured wood products to Tanzania and Uganda
- The imports from DRC peaked in 50,469 m3 in 2012
- Softwood sawn timber imports from Tanzania peaked at 75,835 m3 in 2010
- Kenya imports from DRC and Tanzania 2009 and 2013 was KES 15.6 billion raising approximately KES 3 billion in taxes
- In 2015 Kenya had documented 13 exporters and 17 importers of hardwood timber from DRC into Kenyan markets
- Kenya is exploring Chad-Central Africa Republic, Cameroun

Year	Hardwoods	Softwoods(m ³)	Poles	Wattle bark	Charcoal
	(m^3)		(pieces)	(MT)	(MT)
2010	18,648	75,354		24,000	-
2011	24,479	29,100		30,000	-
2012	50,469	27,000		-	-
2013	38,506	9,425	27,757	30	5,800
2014	43,235	14,246		-	-
2015	30,161	9,875		-	-
2016	37,302	11,402		205	-
2017	25,647	1,584		351	-
2018	28,017	38,291		972	21,680
2019	25,672	59,412		383	49,339
2010	32,125	75,835		272	3,758



TRADE IN MANUFACTURED FOREST PRODUCTS

- Kenya is a trading hub for imports, value addition and re-exports to East and Central Africa countries.
- In 2015 Kenya imported forest products USD 241million (KES 24.1billion):East Africa, Africa, Europe: boards, paper and paper
- Exported USD 40.8 –million (KES 4.0 billion) mostly cork, wood carving, paper, and wattle bark
- Importing are Sudan, Democratic Republic of Congo, Rwanda, South Africa, Uganda, Tanzania, Ethiopia, Cameroon, Zimbabwe and Western Sahara.
- Exporting:Israel, Italy, England, Belgium, Norway, Turkey and China

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

- Africa have both surplus and deficit countries in forest resources
- Production, processing and intra Africa trade is low
- Transboundary timber trade that is dominated by informal operators most operating without requisite licences
- Kenya is net importer and re-exporter of various forest products to neighbouring countries.
- Kenya is a beneficiary of transboundary trade especially during the two logging bans 2002-2012 and 2018-2021
- Need policy and legal frameworks to promote investment in industries, infrastructure and timber trade.
- Intra Africa investment and trade enhance employment, economic growth, environmental goods and services and CC

RECOMMENDATIONS

• Let us invest, embrace and promote AfCFTA

- Revise forestry policy and legislative frameworks to spur continental investments, trade diplomacy and negotiations
- Mobilize huge investments to transform forestry production, manufacturing, technical skills, SMEs, large firms, policy support and infrastructure.
- Promote intra Africa investment and trade examples exists Kenya firms have invested in Tanzania and Malawi
- External investors in primary and tertiary production in Kenya, Uganda, Tanzania, Mozambique
- Kenya eyes enhanced trade with forest rich Tanzania, Uganda, DRC, Central Africa Republic, Chad, Cameroun, Malawi, South Africa and re-exports to EAC, Sudan,

CLOSING REMARKS

- Kenya appreciates AFF for bringing together Africa through capacity building and critical forestry forums
- Such forums promote continuous learning in forestry in fast changing global and continental dynamics
- Enhances forestry contribution to continental socioeconomic development
- Kenya welcomes 70 stakeholders from 17 countries
- Let us push for futuristic policies and legislations to transform forestry sector
- Kenya has been a beneficiary for last 10 years of AFF presence
- This is to thank AFF for resources mobilization, capacity building and coordination for Africa Forestry

















GUM ARABICA USES







Welcome 27th IUFRO World Congress 2029 in Nairobi, Kenya

The Enlarged 62nd IUFRO Board on 27th March 2023 sitting in Dehradun, India, awarded Nairobi, Kenya the host 27th IUFRO World Congress 2029.

The award was approved by IUFRO Governing Council on 30th May 2023.

This is first-ever World Congress in Africa

This is a WC for Africa and Africa invites the World



Kenyatta International Convention Centre (KICC) & The University of Nairobi in CBD: Capacity for 5000 in-person



University of Nairobi



AFRICA HERE WE COME

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